Claims:

1. (Currently amended) A method for treating a skin microcirculatory disorder (SMD) comprising topically administering a hydroxypyridonone of formulae (I-III):

wherein

 R^1 represents a (C_1-C_{10}) - alkyl, (C_1-C_{10}) -alkenyl, (C_1-C_{10}) -alkoxy, (C_1-C_{10}) hydroxyalkyl, (C_5-C_{12}) -aralkyl, (C_3-C_{12}) -cycloalkyl, (C_1-C_8) - carboalkoxy or (C_1-C_8) - carbamyl, or a $(C_{10}-C_{30})$ -peptide, or a (C_1-C_8) -polyol or monosaccharide:

 R^2 represents an hydrogen atom or a linear or branched, saturated or unsaturated lo $(C_1$ - C_2 2)-acyl, optionally substituted by $(C_1$ - C_8)-alkoxy, carboxy, $(C_1$ - C_8) alkoxycarbonyl, amino, hydroxy, said amino and hydroxy being optionally $(C_1$ - C_2 2)-acylated or - alkylated;

 R^3 , R^4 and R^5 , each individually, represent a hydrogen atom, or (C_1-C_{10}) -alkyl, (C_1-C_{10}) -alkenyl, (C_1-C_{10}) -alkoxy, $(C_5-C_{12}$ aryl) alkyl, (C_5-C_{12}) -cycloalkyl, (C_1-C_8) -carbonyl group;

with the proviso that both R¹ and R³ are not hydrogen;

or a dermatologically/cosmetically acceptable salt thereof.

- (Previously presented) A method according to claim 1, wherein the skin microcirculatory disorder (SMD) is rosacea.
- (Previously presented) A method according to claim 1, wherein the skin microcirculatory disorder (SMD) is cutaneous vasculitis.
- (Previously presented) A method according to claim 1, wherein the skin microcirculatory disorder (SMD) is actinic purpura.
- (Previously presented) A method according to claim 1, wherein the skin microcirculatory disorder (SMD) is a skin capillaritis.
- 6.(Previously presented) A method according to claim 8, wherein the skin capillaritis is, purpura annularis telangiectodes, contact allergy skin capillaritis, itching purpura, or eczematidlike purpura.

7. (Cancelled)

- 8. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 1, wherein R^1 and R^2 are methyl, R^3 and R^4 are hydrogens.
- 9. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 1, wherein R^1 and R^2 are ethyl R^3 and R^4 are hydrogens.

10. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 1, wherein R^1 is CH_2CH_2OH , R^2 is methyl or ethyl, and R^3 and R^4 are hydrogens.

11. (Previously presented) A method for the treatment of skin microcirculatory disorder (SMD) comprising locally applying to a mammal in need thereof of a therapeutically effective amount of hydroxypyridonone compound of formulae (I-III):

wherein

$$\begin{split} R^{l} \text{ represents a } &(C_{l}\text{-}C_{l0})\text{- alkyl, } (C_{l}\text{-}C_{l0})\text{- alkenyl, } (C_{l}\text{-}C_{l0})\text{- alkoxy, } (C_{l}\text{-}C_{l0}) \text{ hydroxyalkyl, } (C_{5}\text{-}C_{12})\text{- aralkyl, } (C_{3}\text{-}C_{12})\text{- carboalkyl, } (C_{1}\text{-}C_{8})\text{- carboalkoxy or } (C_{1}\text{-}C_{8})\text{- carbamyl, or a } (C_{10}\text{-}C_{30})\text{- peptide or a } (C_{3}\text{-}C_{0}) \text{ polyol or monosaccharide;} \end{split}$$

 R^2 represents an hydrogen atom or a linear or branched, saturated or unsaturated (C_I - C_2)-acyl, optionally substituted by (C_I - C_8)-alkoxy, carboxy, (C_I - C_8) alkoxycarbonyl, amino, hydroxy, said amino and hydroxy being optionally (C_I - C_{22})-acylated or - alkylated;

 R^3 , R^4 and R^5 , each individually, represent a hydrogen atom, or $(C_1\text{-}C_{10})$ -alkyl, $(C_1\text{-}C_{10})$ - alkenyl, $(C_1\text{-}C_{10})$ -alkoxy, $(C_5\text{-}C_{12}$ aryl) alkyl, $(C_5\text{-}C_{12}$)-cycloalkyl, $(C_f\text{-}C_8$ carbo)-alkoxy or $(C_f\text{-}C_8)$ -carbamyl group;

with the proviso that both R1 and R3 are not hydrogen;

or a dermatologically/cosmetically acceptable salt thereof

in admixture with a dermatologically/cosmetically acceptable carrier.

- (Previosly presented) A method according to claim 11, for the treatment of rosacea, cutaneous vasculitis, or actinic purpura.
- 13. (Previously presented) A method according to Claim 11, for the treatment of itching purpura, purpura annularis telangiectodes or contact allergy skin capillaritis.
- 14. (Previously presented) A method according to Claim 11, for the treatment of traumatic skin haemorrhage or actinic purpura.
- 15. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 11, wherein R^2 , R^3 , R^4 and R^5 , each individually, represent a hydrogen atom.
- 16. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 11, wherein R¹ and R³ each individually, represent (C₁-C₄)- alkyl, hydroxyalkyl or alkoxy.
- 17. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 11, wherein said R² acyl group is formed by unbranched, naturally occurring caprylic acid, cupric acid, lauric acid, myristic acid, palmitic acid, palmitoleic acid, stearic acid, oleic acid, vaccenic, linoleic acid, alpha-linolenic acid, eleostearic, delta-linolenic acid, gondoic acid, dihomo-y-linolenic acid, arachidonic acid, eicosapentaenoic acid, docosaneix acid, acid, nervonic or a mixture thereof.

- 18. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 11, wherein said R^2 acyl is a $C_{1:8}$ which is branched at the carbon atom adjacent to the carbonyl group.
- 19. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 11, wherein said hydroxypyridonone is 1, 2 dimethyl-3-hydroxy-4-pyridinone (deferiprone); 1,2-diethyl-3-hydroxy-4-pyridinone; 1-methyl-2-ethyl-3-hydroxy-4-pyridinone or 1-methyl-2-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-3-hydroxy-4-pyridinone.